Fron County Register

BY ELL D. AKE. IRONTON, . . MISSOURI

NEWS AND NOTES.

A Summary of Important Events.

For refusing to pay the le dest assess ment three leading Peruvi ans have been sent to Chili.

for the conscience fund.

SEVERAL of the most extensive cooperative store sin Dublin, Ireland, were destroye's by a recent fire.

CUSTOLIS officers at New York a few ways ago reized a Bible which had been hollowed and filled with costly jewels.

THE death of Representative Godlove S. Orth, of Indiana, was announced on the 16th. He was sixty-six years of age.

THE other day 1,000 applications for assistance to emigrate were made to the Poor Law Union at Westport, Ireland.

In his message to the Legislature the Governor of Idaho calls attention to the fact that in several counties Mormons vote and hold office.

THE election of M. Riechmuet, Radical, and M. Welti, Liberal, as President and Vice-President of the Swiss Confederation for 1883, is announced.

ed recently in the Chamber of Deputies that 3882 was 104,000,000 francs. THE Turkish Government recently

THE French Minister of Finance stat-

announced the erection of a special bureau for supplying correct information to correspondents of foreign papers. WHITTIER, the poet, celebrated his

seventy-fifth birthday recently. He received other day. many tokens from friends in different parts of the country and from England. THE Home Secretary for Ireland,

Forster, says Home Rule in Ireland means absolute separation from England and great probability of a civil war in Ireland. THE past eleven months show an in-

crease of 106,000,000 francs in imports into France and 147,000,000 francs in exports, as compared with like months in last year.

THE Commissioners of the Freedmen's Savings and Trust Company at Washington received the past year \$425,334. Another dividend would be paid, requiring

FROM Dec. 31, 1881, to Dec. 4, 1882, a schooner of Gloucester, Mass., with crew of fourteen men, made \$26,426.81 in the bank halibut fishing, the most profitable year on record.

RECENT dispatches stated that famine prevailed in Carrick, County Donegal, Ireland. The people were living on Indian meal. Twenty-five hundred persons were in danger of starving.

REV. JOSHUA COIT resigned the pastorate of the Lawrence-street Congregational Church at Lawrence, Mass., recently, to accept the Secretaryship of the American Home Missionary Society.

A LETTER was received by high officials at London, Eng., a few days ago, threatening to blow up one or more of the Government offices within five days, in revenge for the hanging of the Joyce murderers at Galway.

RECENTLY the Secretary of the Treasury decided that Chinamen residing in the property valued at \$90,000; insurance, \$70, United States could not bring into this country, under the Chinese restrictions act, a wife that he intends to marry in China, though if he was already married and his

wife in China, she could come. In the recent official canvass of the State election made at Lansing, Mich., the vote for Governor was declared as follows: Begole, Democrat and Greenback, 154,268; Jerome, Republican, 149,697; Sagendorph, Prohibitionist, 5,854. The remainder of the State officers stand: Republican, 157,000; Fusion, 149,000.

Ir was recently announced by the Secretary of the Treasury that three months' interest, due February 1 next, on bonds embraced in the 119th call, would be paid by checks forwarded to the registered owners, the fractions of interest from that date to February 10 being paid with the principal of bonds at the time of redemption.

A RECENT Boise City dispatch says the Idaho Legislature has assembled. The Council stands six Republicans, three Mormons, two anti-Mormon Democrats and one Mormon Democrat. They had elected Col. E. A. Wall, anti-Mormon Democrat, President. House stands: Twelve Republicans, seven Mormons, five Mormon Demo-

THE following telegram has been received by Secretary Chandler from Lieut. Harber, dated Bulem, September 16. "The Jeannette men, in charge of Ensign Hunt, are proceeding to Jakutska. Schultze and I remain to complete the search of the coast by sleds. No trace of the Chipps party has yet been discovered. We will reach Irkutsk about the middle of December."

THE vote of California in the last election, exclusive of the small County of Modoc, appears to have been: Stoneman, Democrat, 90,554; Estee, Republican, 67,-034; McDohald, Prohibition, 5,479; Mc-Quiddy, Greenback, 996, and scattering, 17. The total vote (without Modoe) is 164,080, against 164,226 (with Modoc) in the presidential election, when Hascock had 80,426, Garfield 80,348, and Weaver 3,392.

THE other day at Washington the Supreme Court gave a decision in a test case involving the title to certain mining lands in the City of Leadville, Col. This was a snit brought by the St. Louis Smelting and Refining Company against Steel et al. to recover session of a certain tract of mineral land in Leadville claimed by the company under patent issued to one Thomas Starr on the 29th of March, 1879. The judgment of the Circuit Court of Colorado in favor of the St. Louis company was affirmed, with costs. This opinion is decisive of twenty-four other pending cases in Leadville, in which the same questions are involved.

PEF SONAL AND GENERAL.

JAM as BRENNAN, a laborer, choked to de ath in a dining-saloon in Brooklyn, N. hurt. , the other day. A piece of meat lodged his throat and strangled him.

ALONG the track of the Indianapolis Road in Terre Haute, Ind., the other morning, were found two mail peuches containing matter destined from New York for Colorado. The letters had been cut open and put back in the bags.

THE British bark Langrigg Hall The British ship Glad Tidings, Calcutta to THE Treasurer of the United States Falmouth, went ashore at Frawie Point. the other day receiv 4 \$4,000 from 'V. R." She caught fire afterward and was totally destroyed. Two drowned.

THE old State Capitol building at Lansing, Mich., was completely destroyed by fire a few afternoons ago. It was a large frame structure, two stories, with attic, and was built in 1847.

THE other morning a pouch at the Post-office at Detroit, containing mail ma'ster for the East suddenly burst into flaraes frem spontaneous combustion and was de-

By the blowing out of the crown-sheet of an eagine on the Cumberland and Pennsylvania Railroad recently two men were

JOHN SCHPENGLER killed his wife and then put a pistol to his own temple and blew out his brains at Baltimore, Md., a few days ago, making the eighth suicide in that city within ten days.

DENNIS SULLIVAN and John Leary were fatally injured, Edward Gilroy had a thigh fractured, Conductor Monahan received concussions on the head and an Italian was dangerously injured by a collision on the New York & New England the amount of the public debt redeemed in Railroad near Waterbury, Conn., the other

> THE Lackawanna and the Alaska are the two ships that will probably be selected to visit Honolulu in February next, on the ccasion of the coronation of the King.

THE epizootic broke out in the stables of the Camden, Pa., Transfer company the

HAMPTON COURT, a palace fifteen miles from London, Eng., took fire the other morning. Two rooms above the picture gallery were burned, the damage by fire and water being £30,000.

In Boston the officers of Bellevue Medical College were arraigned for using the mails for fraudulent purposes recently. It was decided that the institution had issued diplomas in accordance with the laws of Massachusetts, and the defendants were

THE first snow storm of the season at Louisville fell on the 17th.

Hon. CLINTON BRIGGS, for over twenty years a prominent lawyer and statesman in Nebraska, and a resident of Omaha. was killed the other morning by falling off a train at Afton, Iowa.

On account of insufficient evidence against them 500 Egyptians, charged with incendiarism and massacre at Alexandria, were released the other day.

Br a collision on the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis Road near King's Station, thirty miles from Cincinnati, O., a few days ago, Engineer Peters and Postal Clerks Wharton, Hollingsworth and Goebel were killed. An elephant belonging to a

theatrical troupe was also killed. THE Hematite Iron Company of Maryport, Eng., failed recently. Liabilities,

In New York a few days ago George I. Rice, ex-President of the Utica, Ithaca & Elmira Railroad, was bailed in \$25,000 to stand trial on a charge of hypothecating \$50,000 worth of the company's bonds and stocks which should have been canceled.

A FIRE in the Barton block at Minne apolis, Minn., a few days ago destroyed

THERE was a great fire in Canton. China, recently. Eight hundred bouses were destroyed and many lives were lost, including firemen burned to death. The Viceroy visited the scene with a body of soldiers to prevent robberies, and a fierce fight ensued between thieves and citizens. Two fires in Foo Chow consumed about 200 houses each. Five lives were lost.

Southern matrimonial associations to the number of 240 were placed on the black list of the Post-office Department the other day.

THE other day a fire causing the death of nine persons occurred in the town of Lepury, France.

THE fancy-goods firms of Davisson, Hall & Co., of San Francisco, and Davisson. Griffin & Co., of New York, were forced to suspend the other day through losses by one of the firm in stock speculations. The liabilities were said to be nearly \$200,000.

In consequence of an outbreak of typhoid fever boarders at the Ursuline Convent, Quebec, were sent home recently.

In New York City the other day a dispute about paying seventy-five cents for beer led to a fight in a saloon which resulted in Martin Hesse stabbing Frederick Dochterman to death.

DODGE & SINCLAIR, India rubber goods, failed recently in New York. Liabilities \$155,478; nominal assets \$167,169; actual assets \$44,250.

Ar Corsicana, Tex., a few days ago, fire destroyed an entire business block. Seven brick houses and 1,200 bales of cotton were consumed. Partly insured. The fire was believed to have been incendiary.

Ir was stated that the liabilities of the Laconia Woolen Mill Company at Hampden, Mass., were from \$150,000 to \$200,000. THE fugitive Secretary of the Brook-

lyn, N. Y., Board of Education, Stewart,

was recently shown by expert accountants

to be a defaulter to the amount of \$250,000. A FEW days ago John Spalding, City Marshal of Waxahachie, Tex., was killed by a negro whom he attempted to arrest for some trifling offense. A posse pursued the negro, and, overtaking him a short distance from town, litterally riddled him with bul-

AT Thomasville, Ga., Dave Wilcher, colored, was instantly killed by his brother William the other night.

THREE men were killed by the blowing up of the press-house of the Powder Works at Mountain View, eight miles from Patterson, N. J., the other afternoon. The shock of the explosion was felt for miles, and not a pane of glass was left whole in the neighborhood.

THE boiler at the Globe Rolling Mills at Cincinnati, O., exploded the other day.

Thomas Malloy was instant Ay killed, Lon-Hargrove was probably fats Ay injured, and a number of other men, were seriously

Some men were tak ing out pillars in a coal mine three mi'es from Akron, O., a few days ago, wher , a stone weighing fifty tons caved in on them and two men were instantly killed an' / two others narrowly escaped with slight , bruises.

WHILE sk' Aing on the river near Wellsville, O., a young son of J. W. Usellon met with a se gious accident, a few days ago. struck on the Turkar Rock, off the coast of He picked 1 ap a piece of phosphorus and put Wexford, Eng., recently. Twenty-four of it in his rocket. The terrible stuff soon the crew were drowned and only two saved. burned b is band, leg and side in a horrible manner , and was slowly but steadily eating into hi s side. Physicians feared the case would prove fatal.

RECENTLY a gang of horse-thieves stele three horses at Nutt Station and were trailed to a mountain resort near Las Vegas, N. M. A few days ago a posse of Las Vegas officers, headed by Marshal Franklin, set out to raid them. They had arrived at the place designated, and had singled out of three "Jackals," the one in which the thieves were domiciled. As the posse neared the building, and when within twenty feet of it, two men jumped out of the door in front of them and fired from their revolvers. At the same instant, at the drop of the hat, twenty shots had been fired by both sides scalded to death and another was not ex- and one of the thieves threw up his hands and was arrested, while the other made his escape into the mountains. During the fracas a bullet passed through the coat of one of the posse and the thief who escaped carried with him a charge of cold lead from the attacking party. The thief who failed to get away gave his name as Vadall Romero, but refused to tell who his partner was. He was taken to Las Vegas and placed in the County Jail to be taken to Dona Ana County for trial. He told different stories about the affair, and claimed to have acquired the animals by purchase, but there was a most apparent flaw in his alleged bill of sale. The horses were not recovered in the raid. According to the statement of Romero, the two brothers of that name have the stock at Chaperito, a town down the Pecos, several miles from San Jose.

FORTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

DEC. 14 .- In the Senate the Military and Agricultural Appropriation bills were referred, and consideration of the Pendleton Civil-Service bill was resumed In the House a resolution was adopted inquiring whether unauthorized land patents had been granted to railroads, and the Post-office Appropriation bill was then taken up. It ap-propriates \$43,948,520, being \$2,762,521 less than the estimates, and \$695,380 less than last year.

DEC. 15.—The French Claims bill was passed by the Senate and the Pendleton Civil-Service bill was further considered. A resolution was adopted, directing the Secretary of the Interior to send to the Senate any infor-mation in relation to any dispute between the Cherokee Indians and the United States....In the House consideration of the Post-office bill was resumed, and the proposed reduction of letter postage was discussed.

DEC. 16.-Consideration of the Civilervice bill was resumed in the Senate.....In the House, the Post-office bill was further debated, and the clause in relation to the reduction of letter postage was adopted

DEC. 18 .- In the Senate the bill to repeat of the Cape of Good Hope was passed. Several amendments were offered to the pending Civil-Service bill. A number of bills were introduced. The Indian appropriation bill was taken up. Mr. Dawes, in charge of the bill made a brief statement of its provisions. The estimates for the year, he said, were \$6,625,000. The bill as it came from the House appropriated \$5,280,000, and the Senate added \$154,200. The amount appropriated last year was \$5,477,000. The Bankruptey bill with amendments was reported and recommitted. ments was reported and recommitted. On of respect to the memory of the late Repre entative Orth the Senate adjourned the House, a resolution to allow rebates in case the tobacco tax was repealed was referred. A resolution for adjournment during the holidays was defeated—yeas 165, nays 123. A resolution imposing a fine of fifty dollars on members for absence during the holidays we adopted. House then adjourned out of re-spect for the memory of the late Representa-

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

In the United States Senate on the 19th a number of bills were introduced. The Indian Appropriation bill passed. The Civil-service bill was called up as the regular order. In the House the Army bill was reported. A resolution to adjourn for the holidays was adopted-127 yeas, 101 nays. The Post-office Appropriation bill was considered and a lengthy debate ensued.

J. P. Davis, of London, registered at the International Hotel in New York the other morning, and soon afterward sprang the bar-tender's throat, and made things from a sixth-story window, splitting his skull in two.

An outbreak occurred at the funeral of a native chief in Lagoson, on the west saving himself from capture. coast of Africa, recently, and twelve Europeans were massacred.

August Nast, a German living near Cresco, Iowa, died a few days ago from trichinæ, caused by eating diseased pork. with them were also sick from the same

On the report of Special Agent Burke the Commissioner of the General Land Office at Washington the other day canceled 100 timber culture entries and 109 pre-emption filings made in Douglass County, Dakota, by F. Lecoca, as attorney, the same being fraudulent.

A FIRE at Grand Forks, D. T., the other day destroyed \$100,000 worth of property. The stocks of goods and buildings burned were about half covered by insurance, though several parties lost their

entire possessions. Ar a meeting of the Western Distillers' Association held in Cincinnati, O., the other day, it was decided to assess a tax on every bushel of corn mashed up to forty per cent. of the capacity to pay for the exporting surplus, and allow a rebate of twenty cents per bushel for every bushel under forty per cent. of capacity.

THOMAS DOYLE and Katie A. Morgan, runaway couple from Oneida County, were found suffocated in their room in Rochester, N. Y., a few days ago.

THE heaviest wind and snow-storm for fifty years prevailed at Twillingate, N. F., for forty-eight hours on the 19th. Twenty-two vessels were wrecked in Green Bay. Loss of life was feared.

AT Loughrea, Ireland, a few days since, a number of laborers paraded the streets demanding work or blood, declaring they were starving. They surrounded the residence of Bishop Duggan, who distributed money to them. Great distress prevailed in the town.

THE Legislative bribery cases at Columbus, O., were finally disposed of a few days since. Representative Wright was ac-quitted and a nolle entered in in the case of Representative Block.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

Important to Depositors.

The Court of Appeals handed down s highly important opinion the other morning. The case was that of Gustavus Fischer, et al., vs. Jacob Tamm, et al. Tamm and his co-defendants were directors of the United Savings Institution, and Fischer and his friend sued them for deposits made while it was alleged the concern was in a failing condition. The court pronounces the law on this point as follows:

The Constitution of Missonri provides that it shall be a crime for any officer or director of a bank to receive deposits when the same is in a falling condition, but in the case of Posz vs. Spannhorst, the Supreme Court held this provision to be not self-enforcing. The this provision to be not self-enforcing. The two laws of 1877 (April 23 and May 15) provide that officers so receiving money shall be individually responsible for such deposits, and may be proceeded against jointly or severally. The Court of Appeals holds that these statistics results add nothing to assist in enforcing The Court of Appenis noids that these statutes really add nothing to assist in enforcing that instrument; such officers are indeed that instrument; such officers are indeed "liable," but both constitution and laws are silent as to the nature of the liability or the silent as to the nature of the liability or the right of action-consequently there is no remedy against such bank officials, and therefore the judgment obtained by Fischer and his unfortunate fellow depositors against Tamm and his fellow officers must be reversed and the case dismissed.

Miscellaneous Items. The organization of a commercial association of great importance was perfected in Kansas City a few days ago. This association is to be known as the American Land and Cattle Syndicate, and its member-

ship consists of about thirty persons. The other night John McGee, who is inder sentence of imprisonment for life for the murder of Hiram Knapp, made a desperate and almost successful attempt to escape from jail at St. Joseph. He dug a hole through the wall of his cell, which was on the second floor, and in a few minutes more would have entered the Jailer's apartment and escaped by means of a stairway leading to the front door, but he was detected. He has been taken to the penitentiary.

Putnam County boasts of having a venerable patriarch who is old enough to remember the stirring events of 1776, by the name of James Williams, who lives on the Big Medicine, in Medicine Township. He will be 111 years old next birthday, which is near at hand. He is a native of Tennessee. He lives with his grandson, surrounded by his great grandchildren. He owns to drinking much liquor, is a constant chewer of the weed, but never smokes. He has ten daughters and one son. Uncle Joe Williams, his tenth child and only son whose head is silvered by age, is one of the wealthy stock raisers of that county.

Wm. Toole, who shot and killed Horace B. Donnelly in St. Joseph some time ago because he did not define a word to his liking, has been acquitted on the score

of insanity, and set free. The eight-year-old son of Michael Leonard, a section hand who lives in East Sedslia, found a pint bottle of whisky a few days ago lying about thirty yards from the house near the railroad track. The boy took it home to his father, who took a small drink out of the flask and then gave some of the liquid to his wife and his three children, the youngest of which was a boy only two years and six months of age. Half an hour after the family had drank from the flask all of them were taken violently sick and went into convulsions. The other members of the family were relieved by vomiting, but the youngest child continued in spasms and died before medical aid could be summoned. The Coroner's Jury decided that the child died from the effects of poisoned whisky.

At six o'clock the other morning a terrific explosion occurred at the Mutual Gas-works in St. Joseph. A stoppage occurred in the purifying department and a real blow-out in the condensing room filled the room with gas. A light had been left burning in the workshop adjoining the condensing room, and the gas communicat. ing to the workshop through a small crevice, ignited and blew the building to atoms. The report of the explosion was heard and the shock felt in all parts of the city. Fortunately the explosion occurred at the hour when the night force was going off and the day men coming on, consequently no persons were seriously hurt. The damage to the building was estimated at \$1,000.

In a Kansas City saloon the other evening Michael Cane went crazy with rum. He saw George Johnson standing at the bar, and made an onslaught at him with a drawn knife. Johnson had never seen the man before, and thinking him crazy, took good care to acquire a position of safety on the outside. Cane threw the teakettle through the window, tried to ram the poker down lively in a general and specific way until some officers arrived upon the scene, when he sought safety in flight, and succeeded in

A white man and colored woman desired to be joined in wedlock not long since in Mississippi County. The man applied for license, and being refused the same, they proceeded to another place, where the knot His wife, three children and a girl stopping | was tied. They then returned to Mississippi County to enjoy their honeymoon. But the laws of Missouri not recognizing such felicity, the happy couple were promptly arrested and duly arraigned in court. The groom was ordered to fail for four months, and the bride was permitted to pay a fine of ten dollars.

By a recent decision of the Supreme Court the long term in the Ninth Congressional District has been awarded to Colonel Broadhead and the short term to Dr. Mc-Lean. This result was secured by counting the votes in the 155th and 189th precints of St. Louis, which were previously thrown out by the canvassers on account of alleged irregularities. The total figures in the District now show: Broadhead, 6,869; Mc-Lean, 6,758, Hill, 463. Broadhead's plurality, 102. It was announced that Dr. McLean would contest.

William Witten sold off his farm near Edinburg, Grundy County, the other day, a lot of mules to the number of 103, for \$11,-205. The proceeds of Mr. Witten's farm since July 1 bave been over \$13,000.

Jackson County wants a new jail. The other afternoon officers of Sedalia arrested James G. Alldridge, who a few nights before entered the store of John G. Miller, of Warrensburg, and robbed the money-drawer of a small amount of cash. Alldridge stole a key to the store more than a month previous, and had been stealing from the store more or less since. He confessed the crime and said he didn't care

The World's Hotel in St. Joseph, which was opened a year and a half ago, and which was the most gorgeous in the city, has been closed.

It is stated that a good vein of coal has been found within three miles of Craig.

Great Fire in Kingston, Jamaica.

A cablegram gives the following account of the recent great fire in Kingston, Jam ca:

"The business quarter of Kingston burned yesterday. The loss is £6,000,000. Hundreds are homeless. Wharves, warehouses, stores, banks and supplies are gone. Food supplies are needed. Charitable relief should be sent to W. K. Azbill, Secretary of the Kingston Charity Organization.

"The fire originated near the water-front. The sea-breeze that prevails during the evening fanned the flames inland. The fire extended about one and one-fourth miles along the water-front from the wharf of the Royal Mail Steamship Company to the Atlas wharf. Nearly all the buildings were one and two stories high, and made of wood. There was no Fire Department, and the negro natives, who compose the great part of the population, were probably too much frightened or too lazy to combat the flames

"Half the city is burned. McDowell's office s destroyed, but the wharves are saved. "Kingston has twice before suffered disas trously from fire. In February, 1782, the town

was almost completely destroyed; and another fire which commenced on March 29, 1862, and in which a few persons perished, destroyed property to the value of \$1,250,000. It is a maritime city and the capital of Jamaica, in the County of Surrey, on the south coast, twelve miles from Spanish Town, the former Capital, and contains a population of some 35,000. It is situated on the gentle slope of a branch of the Blue Mountains, and stands on the north shore of a magnificent bay defended by two forts. It is built in the form of an amphitheater, with wide and regular streets; the houses, mostly of two stories, are solidly constructed of brick or wood, and painted green or white. houses in the center of the city form blocks or squares, and in the principal streets are furnished with verandas below and covered galleries above, while those in the outskirts are detached and surrounded by delightful gardens. Besides the English church, the handsomest in the town, there are a Scottish, some Methodist, and several Roman Catholic churches, and two synagogues; but neither these nor the other public edifices, such as the theater, hospital, court-house, new penitentiary, work-house, commercial subscriptionrooms, barracks and jail, possess any archi-

tectural beauty. "The situation of Kingston, between Europe and the center of the American continent, has rendered it an important commercial entrepot. The chief exports are coffee, sugar, tobacco, dyewoods and rum, and the imports mainly consist of manufactured goods, flour, wine, ale and salted meats. Its exports annually aggregate something like \$8,000,000, and the imports are about the same amount."

Strange Freak of a Crazy Man.

A recent Westerly (R. I.) dispatch says: "Just before daylight yesterday morning, Cyrus Barber, a young man whose mind has given way under religious excitement, and who has been guarded by his friends, as he tried once before to kill hims if, was seen to leap suddenly from the window of his bedroom just as his father entered the room to relieve the guard. Mr. Barber ran out the back door, with a view to overtaking him and bringing him back. Just as he reached the door, he heard the sound of chopping at the wood-pile, and thought the young man was chopping wood. Stealing softly up to the pile, old Mr. Barber heard his son repeating over and over again: 'It is most off, it is most off.' The lunatic seemed pleased that his object was nearly accomplished. The old man saw him fall over, but in the darkness was unable to see what the young man had done. Stooping down, he found that the young man had fainted. Aid was called and the helpless youth was carried into the house and laid upon a lounge. Then it was discovered that he had chopped one leg nearly off about six inches above the ankle, the backed and nearly severed limb being held together only by a fragment of flesh. The young man probably failed, from losing his balance, to finish cutting off the end of the member. The leg was bound up as soon as possible by the two men, and a surgeon was sent for, who dressed the limb. At daylight the lumitic had partially recovered from his shock and was talking about his act. He seemed satisfied that he had done right, and quoted such scripture as: 'All things work ogether for good to them that love God,' and called for a reading from the book of Revelation. Young Barber has been for some time in a morbid state of mind respecting religious subjects, and tried a few weeks since to kill himself by holding his breath because he thought it was a sin to breathe."

The Timber-Culture Question.

The following resolutions were adopted by the National Agricultural Association at its session in Chicago on the 14th: · WHEREAS, We begin to realize the lament-

able wasting of the forest lands of the United States, and begin to feel the sad effects of their destruction upon the climate and watersupply of the country, and are forced to confess our need of a knowledge of the better management of the woodlands than is now possessed by the people; therefore,

Resolved, That we urge upon the State Legislatures the propriety of selecting judiclous persons to act as State Forestry Commissioners, whose duty it shall be to instruct the people in regard to forest trees, their production and management, said officers to report annually upon the condition of the woodlands in their respective commonwealths;

"Resolved, That we beg of all the agricultural colleges established under the land-grant of Congress that they shall lose no time in planting State artoreta, and establishing forest experimental stations, where all species adapted to the soil and climate shall be tested, and whence surplus seeds and plants may be distributed; annual reports of these establishments to be made to the Governors or to the State Boards of Agriculture.

R solved, That Congress be asked to establish one or more forest experimental stations upon the public domain, where the propagation and testing of useful trees shall be the leading object, with the collection of seeds and plants to be distributed by or under direction of the United States Agricultural Department, to which bureau these stations shall make annual reports."

The Proposed Bankruptcy Law.

A Washington report gives the following summary of the provisions of the Lowell Bankruptcy bill substituted by the United States Senate for the regular committee bill on the same subject:

"By the Lowell bill estates will be administered by a trustee and Committee of Supervision. Both these are chosen by the creditors apart from the court. It presents a complete code of Bankruptey law. It defines the rights of debtors and creditors and marks out the procedure by which they are to be enforced. It proposes that jurisdiction shall be exercised by Commissioners in Bankruptcy a species of half official, half Judge, with an appeal to the Supreme Court. They will be appointed by the Circuit Courts, two Justices concurring, of whom one shall be the District Judge. The Commissioners are to give bonds as receivers, and may act as both Judge and Registrar. There are to be supervisors to overlook the administration of estates at salaries of \$2,000 a year. Rules and forms are to be made and issued by the Supreme Court, The property of a bankrupt may be seized before or after adjudication, on the order of the Judge. A receiver may be appointed before adjudication. There are provisions for voluntary bankruptcy when the debts exceed \$500. The estate is liquidated by a trustee appointed by the creditors apart from the court. There is also a Committee of Directions."

BURIED ALIVE.

Horrifying Situation of a Father and Son.
-Buried Deep by the Caving in of a. Well One of the Parties Rescued Ef.

Edward English and his son James began digging a well on Tuesday last at Great Plain, two miles distant from here. They had sunk the well twenty-five feet, and on Friday afternoon last a mass of earth, with boards, timber and stone, fell upon the two men, covering them out of sight. An alarm was spread among the neighbors and help was qu'ekly at the place. James Moore, Michael Downey and William Davis descended into the well by a ladder to ascertain the condition of the unfortunates, both of whom were completely hemmed in by dirt an imbers and unable to move. Their situation was critical. The space about them was scarcely more than two feet in diameter. It was impossible to reach the bottom of the well. The men were fastened in completely, and above them was a hanging mass. above them was a hanging mass of earth ready to fall and smother them at any moment. Above, around the mouth of the well, was a Above, around the mouth of the well, was a crowd of men fully realizing the peril of the father and son below. A small tin pail was attached to a cord and let down. There was no room for anything larger. The son, who had managed to get his bands ciear, filled the pail with earth as well as he could, and it was drawn up and emptied. It was a terribly slow process, but there was no other way to work. Mr. English succeeded in getting his hands tree als, and he passed earth to the son, who put it in the pail. In this way much so the court was removed; but the father, hands free his, and he has a son, who put it in the path. In this way much of the earth was removed; but the father, held fast by the timber and stones resting on held fast by the timber and stones resting on him, could not help himself further. Mean-time other means were adopted to release the

On Saturday morning, eighteen bours after the well caved in, a rope was attached to the son, and fortunately he was rescued. Friends passed nourishment to the men in the pit at the peril of their lives. The result of the rethe peril of their lives. The result of the re-lease of the son did not facilitate that of the father, as was expected. The earth at his side was firm and did not yield. He was penned in, without the power of moving either body or legs. Efforts were now directed to removing the dirt about him, for which purpose a small fire shovel alone could be used. The earth was after a while removed from his shoulders, but the timber against his breast held him as in a vice. It could have been cut in two, but it was feared its displacement in that manner would prove first Finally a windless was would prove fatal. Finally a windlass was erected over the mouth of the well and an at-tempt was made to build a new curb. This work and what little could be done in remov-

ing loose earth took the whole of Saturday.

Meanting the victim, twenty-five feet under ground, within hearing of the voices of his family and friends, and yet hopelessly beyond their reach, stood fastened in a living grave waiting for the culmination of the horror in a frightful death. Alive to every sound, startled by every falling pebble, Mr. English passed through the hours of the day as he had through the right here were retarried to through the night before—an eternity to one thus imprisoned. Nourishment and medicines were passed to him. At times his courage gave out and he asked that all efforts be given up and that he be left to his fate. But friends worked on, trying their best to get him our, and hoping every hour to accomplish it. On Saturday night there were several hundred Saturday night there were several hundred people on the ground, and a large proportion of them remained till Sunday morning. Still, in spite of all that could be done, the sufferer was not released, and when the first dawn of the Sabbath broke it seemed as if rescue was well nigh out of the question. The same feeling, only intensified, was experienced by Mr. English, and he begged for a knife that with it he might end his misery. After daybreak of Sunday a project to tunnel by the side of the well was proposed, and to carry the same down below where the unfortunate man lay. The whole of Sunday was occupied in this work. When Mr. English heard of it hope was revived.

Up to Sunday afternoon-forty-eight hours Up to Sunday afternoon—forty-eight hours after the caving in of the well—the sufferer had partaken of no solid food and had slept not more than ten minutes. At daylight the Danbury fire-alarm had been sounded and the firemen detailed to duty at the scene. Services in St. Peter's Roman Catholic Church and in other places of worship were omitted that the people might go to the well and assist. All through the day and despite a drizzling rain throngs of citizens wended their way to the place, and at one time there were a thousand place, and at one time there were a thou persons present watching the work in the tunnel. During these hours Mr. English was cheered by frequent news of the progress made for his release. At seven o'clock last night was far enough advanced enable the head man to hear the voice of Mr. English. He cried to them: "Digaway, boys!" Every little while after that he was spoken to and replied. Tired as his helpers were they went at the work with fresh zeal, caring naught for fatigue so long as he was hearful. It was wordered that zeal, caring naught for fatigue so long as he was hopeful. It was wonderful that he was alive after fifty hours in that awful condition. At ten o'clock it was t ought that in a few minutes he would be free. At midnight the earth at the head of the tunnel broke away so fast the passage was with difficulty advanced. At one o'clock this morning the tunnel had reached the original curb of the well. At haif past one there was a slide inside just to the left of the there was a slide inside just to the left of the prisoner. He was called to, but there was no response. Several times afterward he was spoken to, but did not reply. A man descended into the well as far as he dared, but could see nothing of Mr. English. It being believed that he was dead work was begun on top of the ground between the well and the pit in order to recover the body.

Shortly after five o'clock this morning the men had reached within three feet of the unfortunate, and continued their operations till four o'clock this afternoon, when it was dis-

fortunate, and continued their operations till four o'ciock this afternoon, when it was discovered that he was still breathing. There is little hope that he can be extricated alive. Work still continues, however, and will be kept up until the object sought for is attained. Mr. English has a wife and cloven children, whose agonizing suspense in regard to the fate of the husband and father is beyond description.—Danhury (Conn.) Cor. N. Y. Heraid.

Ut has since been reported that Mr. English was killed by a subsequent caving in of earth.) was killed by a subsequent caving in of earth.]

A Boiler Explosion.

CANTON, Ill., December 16. At about ten minutes past seven o'clock this morning a deafening sound was heard, and buildings throughout the city shaken from the foundations up, causing the people to rush to their doors to learn the cause of the unusual occurrence. In a very short time afterward the fire-bell sounded an alarr, and a dense volume of smoke and steam was observed over the extensive agricultural-implement works of the Parlin & Orendorf Company, located on Elm street, in the east part of the city. It was at once inferred that the shops

were on fire-people not imagining the awful catastrophe that had just occurred. catastrophe that had just occurred.

Three large boilers, which supplied the manufactory with motive and heating power, had exploded, scattering death and destruction and completely demolishing the brick engine and boiler room. The extent of the calamity could not be seen from the street, the boiler-house being located on the south side of the north wing of the building, which is three stories high. The force of the explosion tore out about forty feet of the brick wall of the three-story section, the brick and debris falling directly upon the wreck of the engine and boiler room, and breaking all the windows in the north side of the building.

In the ruins could be seen the bodies of some

In the ruins could be seen the bodies of some of the workmen, and it soon transpired that others were missing. The fire company, which was promptly on hand, soon extinguished the flames that had burst forth in the ruins, and, with the assistance of hundreds of citizens, commenced the mournful task of removing the dead and wounded as rapidly as they could be got at. Six lifeless bodies were removed, and three more were taken out before life was entirely extinct. Two of the latter did not regain consciousness, one of them ter did not regain consciousness, one of them dying while he was being carried home, another living but a short time after his removal to the office of the company, and the third who was conscious for saveral house. third, who was conscious for several hours, expired at four o'clock this afternoon, making the total number of deaths from the explosion

The stopping of the works throws between 200 and 300 men out of employment, most of whom have families dependent upon them for

A LONDONER makes a pert sugrestion in connection with cremation. As the ashes left in the crematory is phosphate of lime, he thinks it would be a good idea to treat it with sulphuric acid and thus convert it intosulphate of lime-plaster of paris-from which a bust or medallion of the late departed could be made.

THE traveler in England always notices a singular anomally—the weather is always wet, and the people are always dry. - Boston Commercial Bulletin.

A MECHANICSBURG (Ky.) lady, on dissecting a head of cabbage the other day found a. sizable striped snake embedded in its center.